

COMPOSIÇÃO INTERATIVA E MODELOS DERIVADOS DA NEUROCIÊNCIA COMPUTACIONAL

MENTE
ENTRE
FRENTE
MENTE
ao
só
ali
forte
clara
física
suave
linear
serena
atenuada
ali
declarada
forte
possível
clara
impossível
física
intensa
suave
interior
serena
atenuada
incansável
declarada
insaciável
possível
impossível
intensa
interior
inesquecível
inesquecível

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RESUMO

- Esta palestra explora a convergência entre conceitos desenvolvidos no entorno da música atual e formulações que surgiram na nossa pesquisa a partir de modelos da neurociência computacional. Apontamos inicialmente que a composição musical evoluiu do uso da notação simbólica para escrita da organização interna do som. Isto pode ser observado nas técnicas instrumentais expandidas e nas estratégias mais recentes que se utilizam de novas interfaces para expressão musical. A possibilidade de operar sobre a dinâmica da organização interna do material sonoro em tempo real, adiciona novas dimensões à informação musical e, conseqüentemente, introduz possibilidades na aplicação de modelos computacionais como suporte para análise e criação musicais. Em linha com essas idéias, apresentaremos os conceitos expressos em “Computational Modeling of Mind and Music” (Vershure & Manzolli, 2013) e um conjunto de sistema-composições que desenvolvemos recentemente.



REFERENCE TEXT

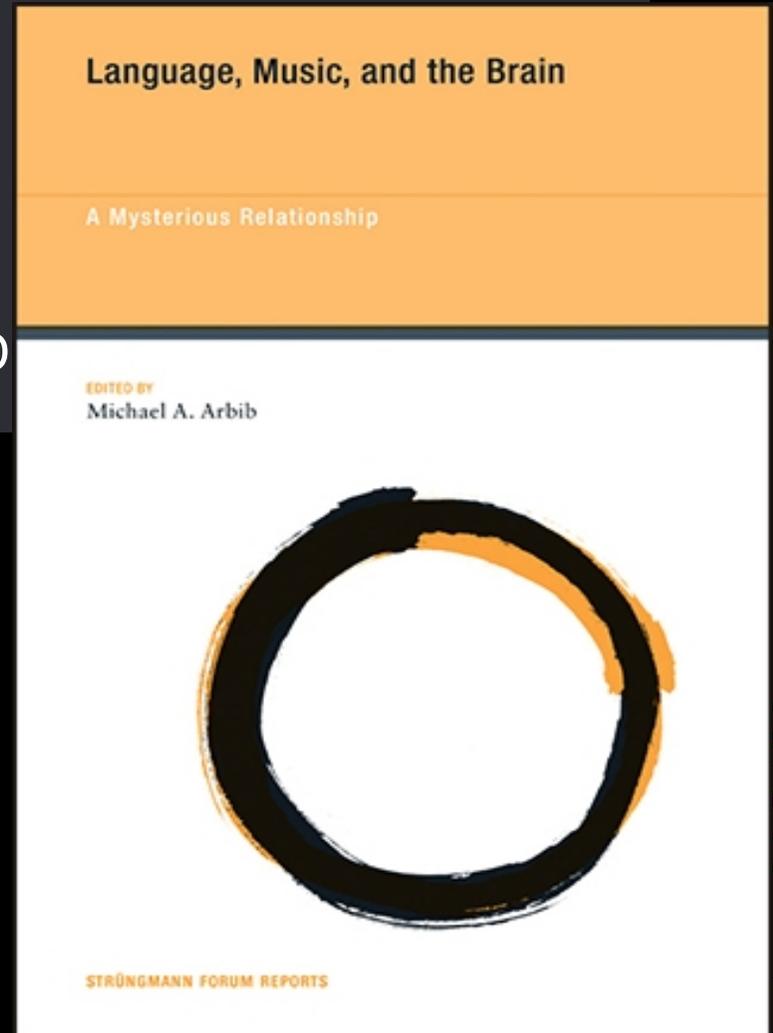
LANGUAGE, MUSIC AND THE BRAIN: A MYSTERIOUS RELATIONSHIP

EDITED BY MICHAEL A. ARBIB

ERNST STRUNGSMANN FORUM, VOLUME 10.

CHAPTER 16

COMPUTATIONAL MODELING OF MIND AND
PAUL VERSCHURE & JÔNATAS MANZOLLI



LIVE INTERACTIVE COMPOSITION

COnnectTome
sonification

NEUROSCIENCE

MBO
brain computer interface

ENTRE
FRENTE
MENTE
ao
ó
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possível
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interior
insavel
insavel
possível
impossível
intensa
interior

re(PER)curso
mixed reality

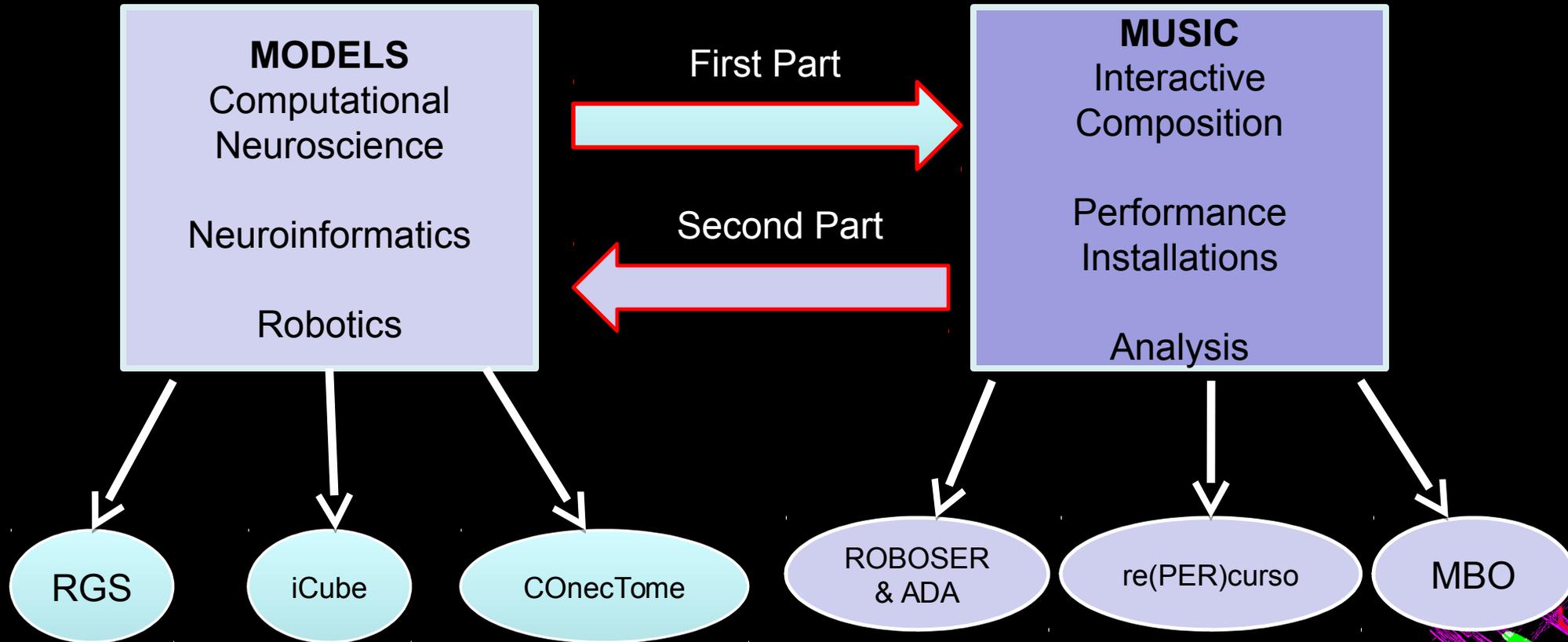
continuaMENTE
performance multimodal

INTERACTIVITY & IMPROVISATION

Escriba
performance multimodal



Views of the presentation



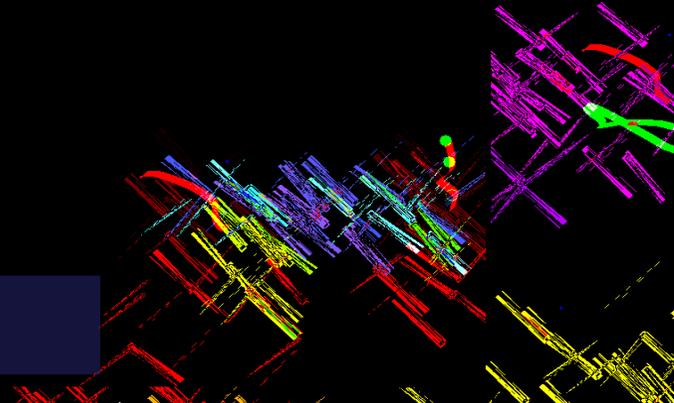
Models from computational neuroscience applied to music

PART 1 – MODELS FROM C.N. TO MUSIC



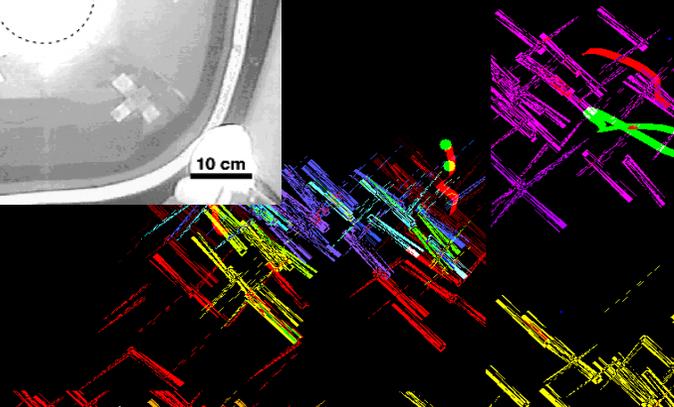
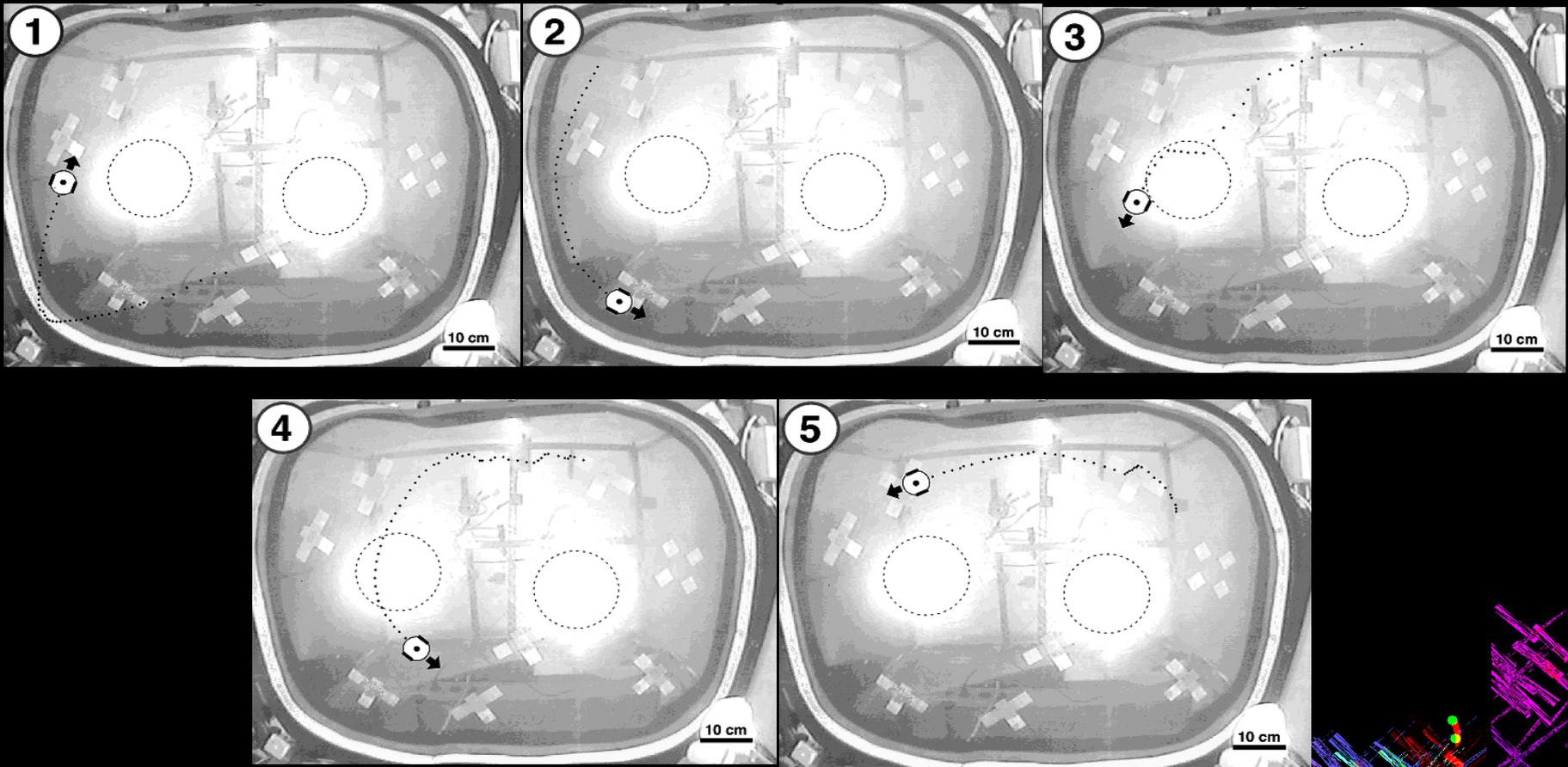
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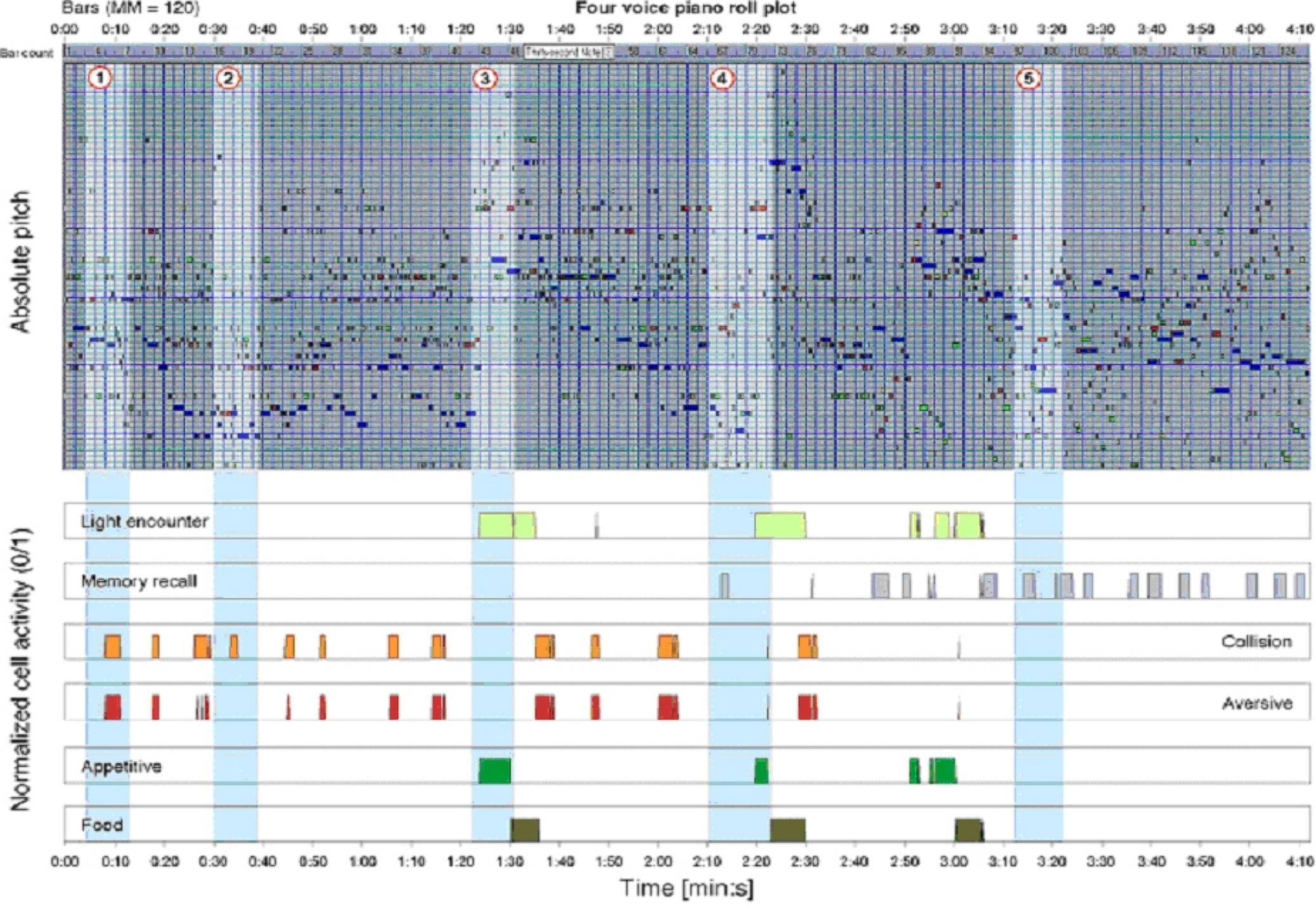
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ROBOSER(1998) – Manzolli & Verschure

Collaboration with INI/ETHZ





ADA (2002): intelligent space

Collaboration with INI/ETHZ

Live Soundscape Composition Based on Synthetic Emotions

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*Institute of Neuroinformatics, University of Zurich
and Swiss Federal Technical University*

Jônatas Manzolli
University of Campinas, Brazil

was surrounding the space, called Bigscreen (see Figure 2), and the real-time music composition and performance system Roboser.² (To hear examples of Ada using Roboser, visit the official Ada Web site, <http://www.ada-exhibition.ch>.)

We integrated Ada's sensory information and controlled her behavior with a hybrid software architecture based on concepts derived from the computational neurosciences. This software architecture comprised a spectrum of implementation methods, ranging from standard procedural to agent-based methodologies and large-scale neuronal simulations.³

A central component of Ada's control system was a model of emotions operating in real time. We gave Ada the means to communicate via computer graphics and a musical soundscape. The goal was to use visual and auditory cues to induce visitors to adjust their behavior to Ada. This article focuses on the application of the Roboser music system to express Ada's behavioral modes and emotional states.

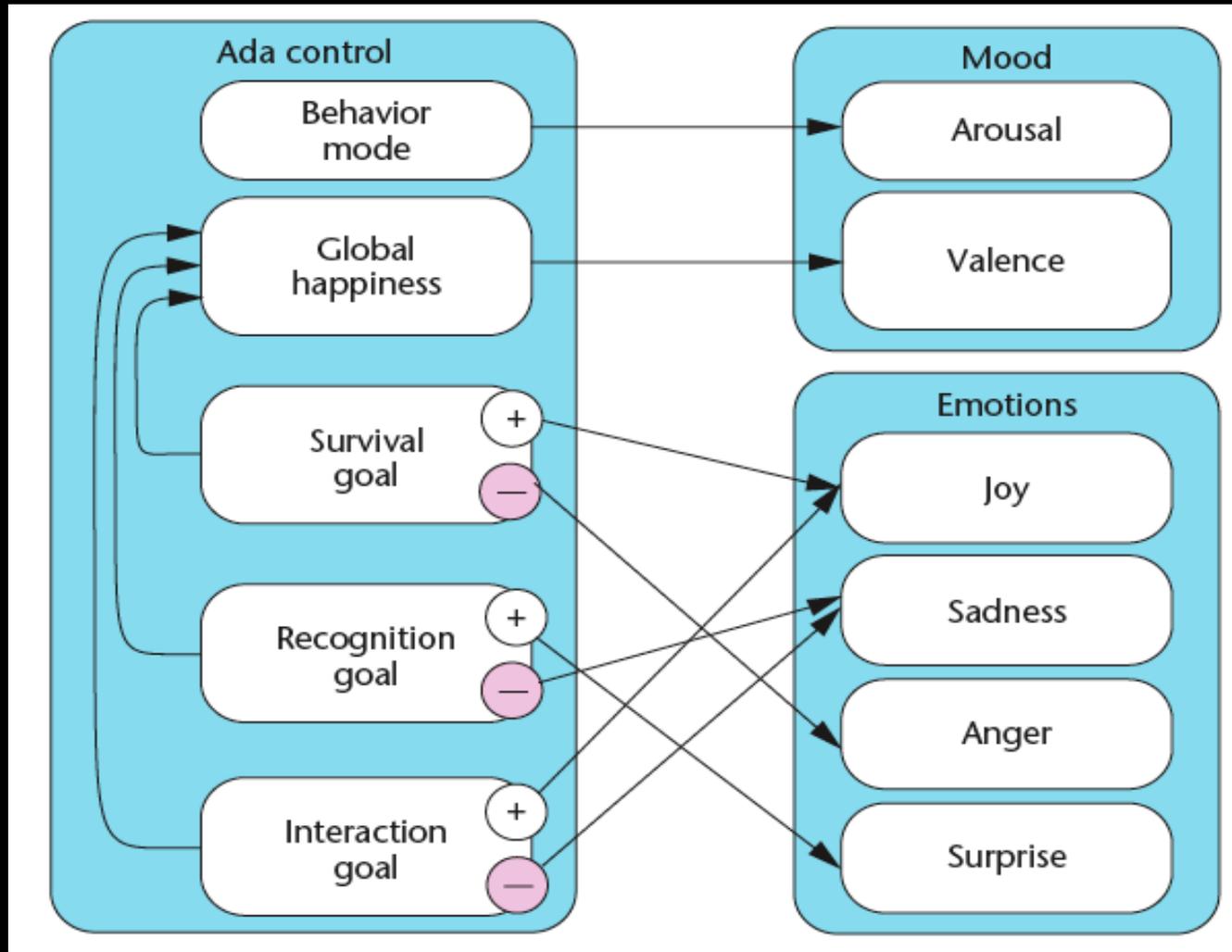
Ada's emotions

The starting point for developing Ada's emotional system was the distributed adaptive control (DAC) architecture that provides a neuronal model of the paradigms of classical and operant conditioning.^{2,4} (We discuss other models for cre-



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Ada's Behavioral Model



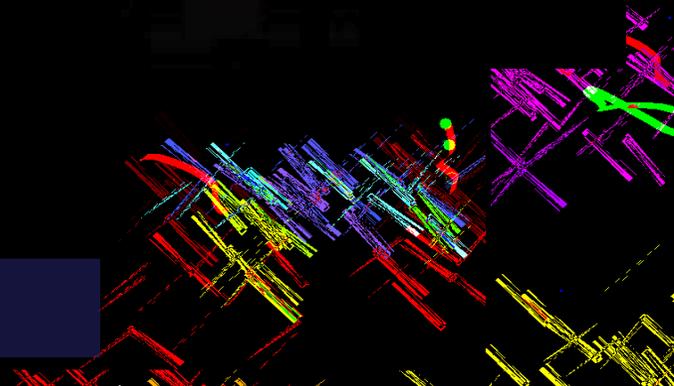
ROBOSER (1998)

Ada: Intelligent Space (2002)



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re(PER)curso: mixed reality chronicle

Collaboration with SPECS/UPF, Barcelona

Fade out Taiko Light

3- Whispering Voices, Percussion, Dancer & Awa

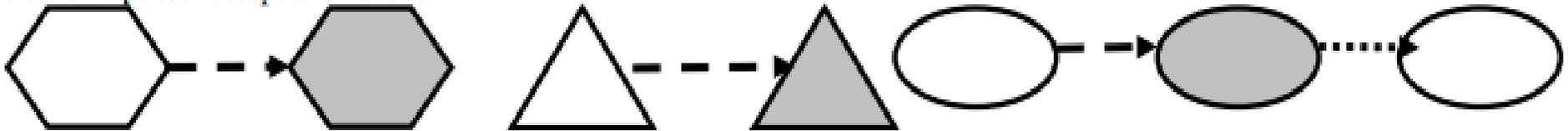
1:40

2:30

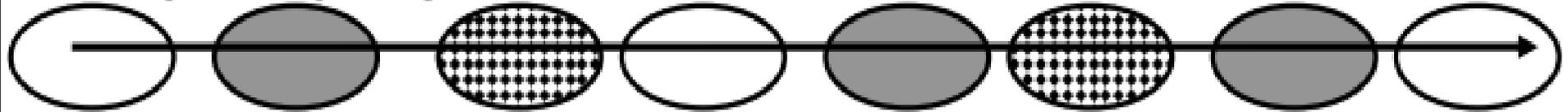
3:30

5:00

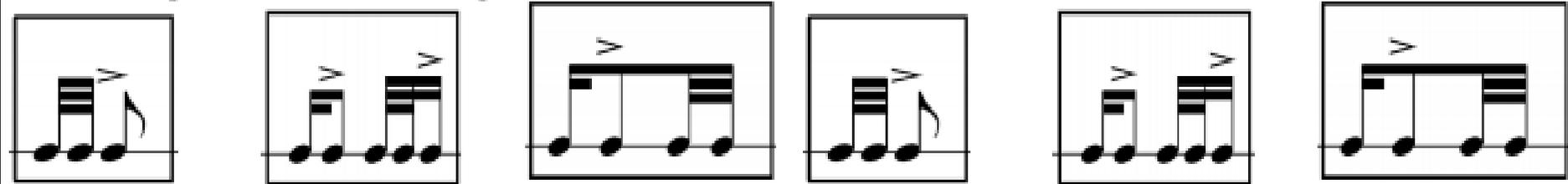
Voices on tape soundscape and Roboser



Awa searching for meaning, dancer presents four element movements.



Percussion improvise on taiko drum using the percussion score



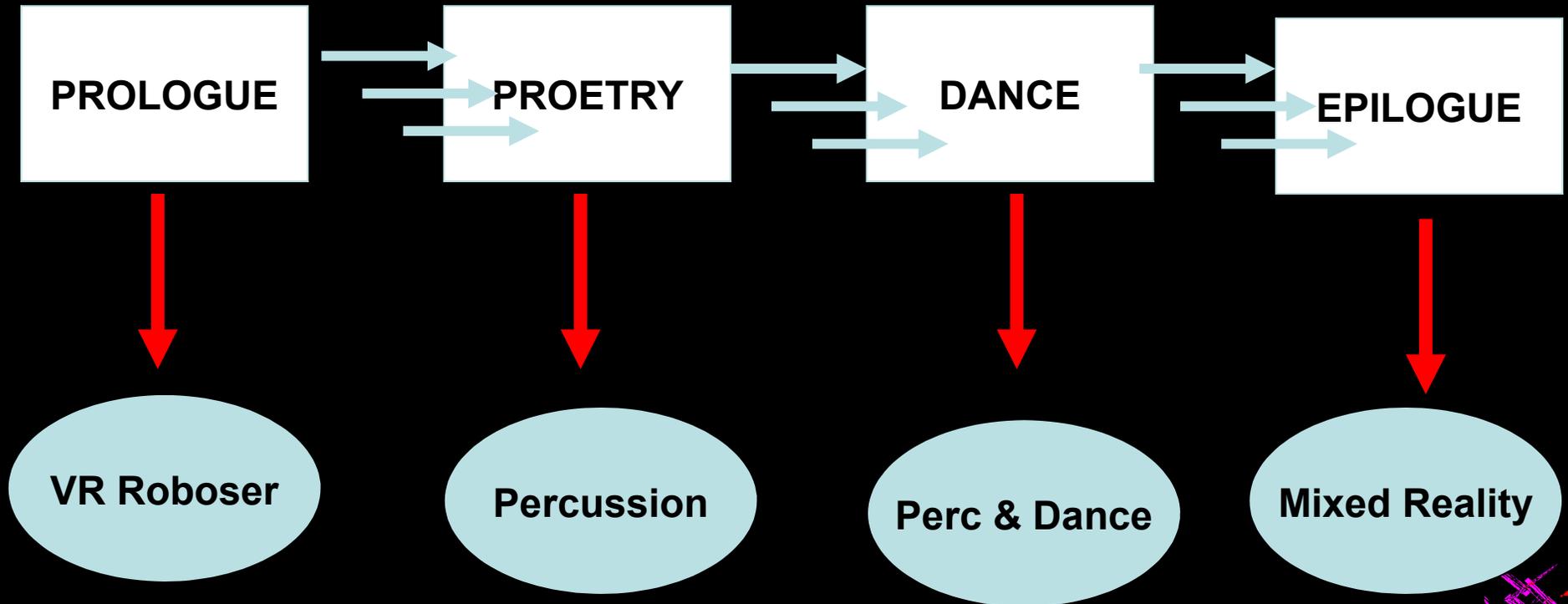
A. Mura, J. Manzoli, P. F. M. J. Verschure, B. Rezazadeh, S. Le Groux, S. Wierenga, A. Duff, Z. Mathews, and U. Bernardet. **RePERcurso: a mixed reality chronicle.** SIGGRAPH, Los Angeles, (April 2175)



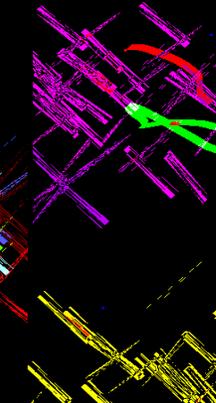
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re(PER)curso: Storyboard



re(PER)curso(2007)



Multimodal Brain Orchestra (2009)

Collaboration with SPECS/UPF, Barcelona

Conference: Science Beyond Fiction, Prague

Groux, S.L., Manzolli, J., Verschure.

Disembodied and Collaborative Musical Interaction in the Multimodal Brain Orchestra.

Proceedings of NIME 2010

Disembodied and Collaborative Musical Interaction in the Multimodal Brain Orchestra

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Multimodal Brain Orchestra (2009)

Collaboration with SPECS/UPF, Barcelona



Groux, S.L., Manzolli, J., Verschure. Disembodied and Collaborative Musical Interaction in the Multimodal Brain Orchestra. Proceedings NIME 2010.



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Multimodal Brain Orchestra (2009)

specs

Synthetic, Perceptive, Emotive and Cognitive Systems group

Behdad Rezazadeh

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Multimodal Brain Orchestra

FET 09 | 23 April 2009 | Prague

specs
<http://specs.upf.edu>



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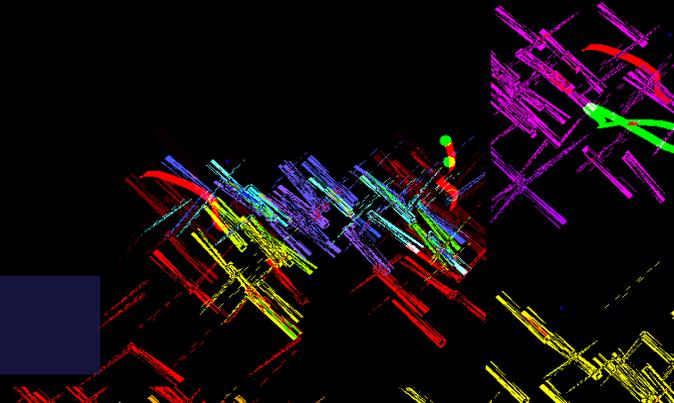
From music/sound to applications of computational neuroscience

PART 2 – FROM MUSIC TO APP. CN.

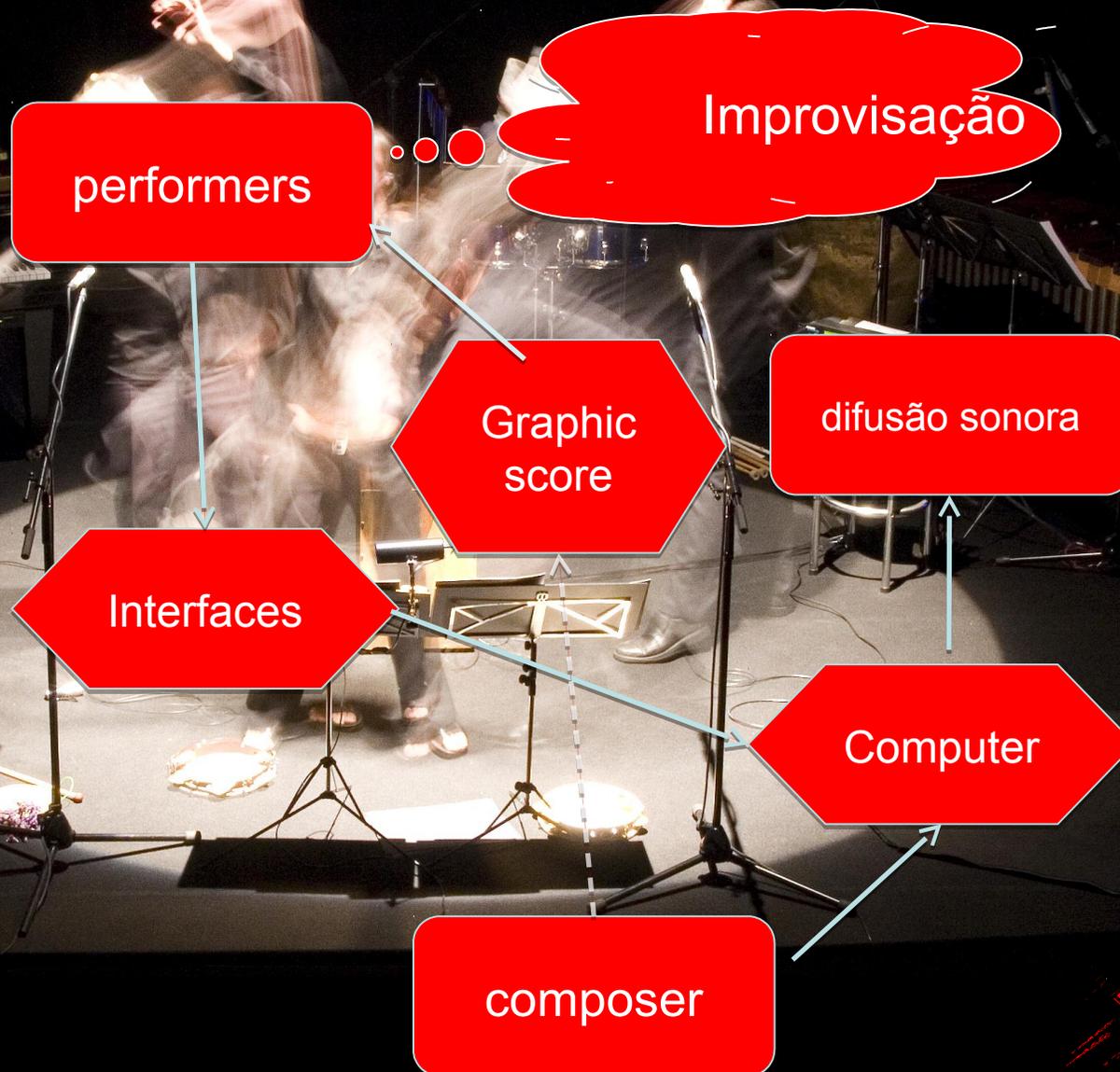


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CONTINUAMENTE (2007)



CONTINUAMENTE (2007)



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Campos, C.S. *Modelos de recursividade aplicados à percussão com suporte tecnológico*. Tese Doutorado em Música, Unicamp, 2012.

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P. Papachristodoulou (SPECS), E. Martinez (SPECS),

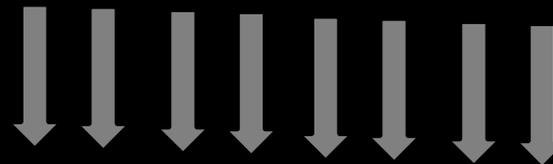
Verschure (SPECS), J. Manzoli (NICS)

Kinect



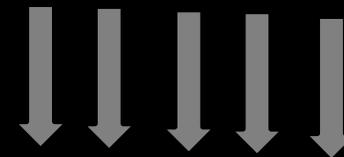
COnnectTome

*Spherical Coord. (ratio, phi, teta)
Nodes, # Connections
Hemisphere, Brain Area*

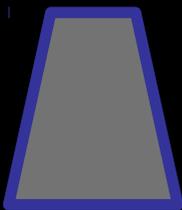


Pure Data

*Reverberation, Low Pass, Pan
Timbre, Cut-off, Cross-fade, Volume*

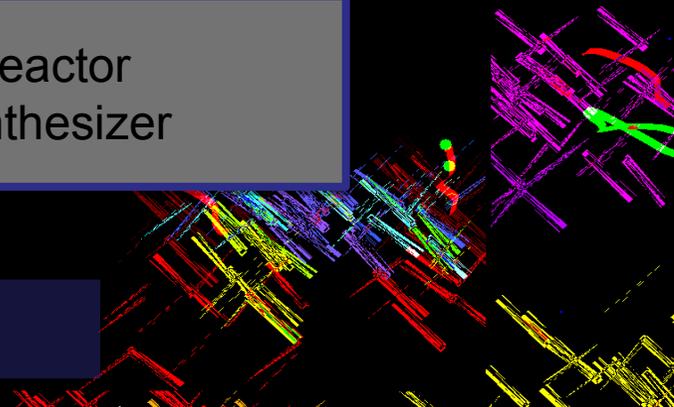


Reactor
Synthesizer



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Topomorphic Sonification, Interactive Sound Navigation (2013)



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